

ALLEN & HEATH



USER GUIDE

Publication AP7028 Issue 2

Limited One Year Manufacturer's Warranty

Allen & Heath warrants the Allen & Heath -branded hardware product and accessories contained in the original packaging ("**Allen & Heath Product**") against defects in materials and workmanship when used in accordance with Allen & Heath's user manuals, technical specifications and other Allen & Heath product published guidelines for a period of ONE (1) YEAR from the date of original purchase by the end-user purchaser ("**Warranty Period**").

This warranty does not apply to any non-Allen & Heath branded hardware products or any software, even if packaged or sold with Allen & Heath hardware.

Please refer to the licensing agreement accompanying the software for details of your rights with respect to the use of software/firmware ("EULA").

Details of the EULA, warranty policy and other useful information can be found on the Allen & Heath website: www.allen-heath.com/legal.

Repair or replacement under the terms of the warranty does not provide right to extension or renewal of the warranty period. Repair or direct replacement of the product under the terms of this warranty may be fulfilled with functionally equivalent service exchange units.

This warranty is not transferable. This warranty will be the purchaser's sole and exclusive remedy and neither Allen & Heath nor its approved service centres shall be liable for any incidental or consequential damages or breach of any express or implied warranty of this product.

Conditions Of Warranty

The equipment has not been subject to misuse either intended or accidental, neglect, or alteration other than as described in the User Guide or Service Manual, or approved by Allen & Heath. The warranty does not cover fader wear and tear.

Any necessary adjustment, alteration or repair has been carried out by an authorised Allen & Heath distributor or agent.

The defective unit is to be returned carriage prepaid to the place of purchase, an authorised Allen & Heath distributor or agent with proof of purchase. Please discuss this with the distributor or the agent before shipping. Units returned should be packed in the original carton to avoid transit damage.

DISCLAIMER: Allen & Heath shall not be liable for the loss of any saved/stored data in products that are either repaired or replaced.

Check with your Allen & Heath distributor or agent for any additional warranty information which may apply. If further assistance is required please contact Allen & Heath Ltd.



ZED products comply with the European Electromagnetic Compatibility directive 2014/30/EU and the European Low Voltage directive 2014/35/EU.

Any changes or modifications to the product not approved by Allen & Heath could void the compliance of the product and therefore the user's authority to operate it.

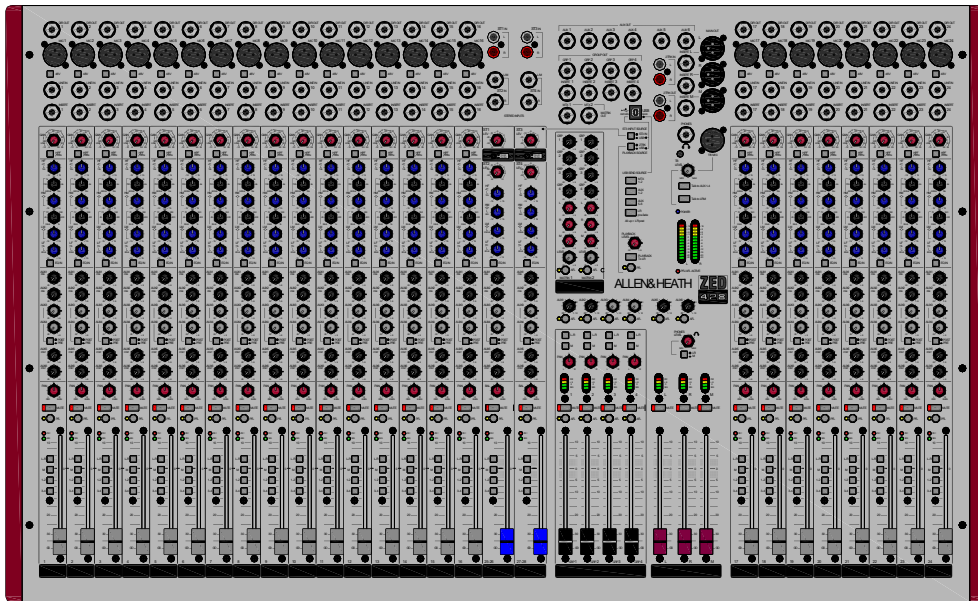
Register your product online at www.allen-heath.com/register.

ALLEN&HEATH

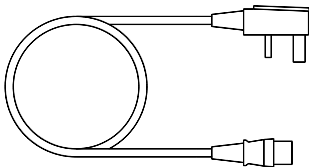
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PACKED ITEMS

Check that you have received the following:

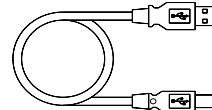


ZED-420, ZED428 or ZED-436 MIXER



Mains Lead

Check that the correct mains plug is fitted.



Type A-B USB Lead

To connect the ZED to your computer.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNINGS - Read the following before proceeding :



ATTENTION: RISQUE DE CHOC ELECTRIQUE – NE PAS OUVRIR

Read instructions: Retain these safety and operating instructions for future reference. Adhere to all warnings printed here and on the console. Follow the operating instructions printed in this User Guide.

Do not remove cover: Operate the console with its covers correctly fitted.

Power sources: Connect the console to a mains power unit only of the type described in this User Guide and marked on the rear panel. Use the power cord with sealed mains plug appropriate for your local mains supply as provided with the console. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet consult your service agent for assistance.

Power cord routing: Route the power cord so that it is not likely to be walked on, stretched or pinched by items placed upon or against it.

Grounding: Do not defeat the grounding and polarisation means of the power cord plug. Do not remove or tamper with the ground connection in the power cord.



WARNING: This equipment must be earthed.

Water and moisture: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock do not expose the console to rain or moisture or use it in damp or wet conditions. Do not place containers of liquids on it which might spill into any openings.

Ventilation: Do not obstruct the ventilation slots or position the console where the air flow required for ventilation is impeded. If the console is to be operated in a rack unit or flightcase ensure that it is constructed to allow adequate ventilation.

Heat and vibration: Do not locate the console in a place subject to excessive heat or direct sunlight as this could be a fire hazard. Locate the console away from any equipment which produces heat or causes excessive vibration.

Servicing: Switch off the equipment and unplug the power cord immediately if it is exposed to moisture, spilled liquid, objects fallen into the openings, the power cord or plug become damaged, during lightning storms, or if smoke, odour or noise is noticed. Refer servicing to qualified technical personnel only.

Installation: Install the console in accordance with the instructions printed in this User Guide. Do not connect the output of power amplifiers directly to the console. Use audio connectors and plugs only for their intended purpose.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Important Mains plug wiring instructions

The console is supplied with a moulded mains plug fitted to the AC mains power lead. Follow the instructions below if the mains plug has to be replaced. The wires in the mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:



TERMINAL		WIRE COLOUR	
		European	USA/Canada
L	LIVE	BROWN	BLACK
N	NEUTRAL	BLUE	WHITE
E	EARTH GND	GREEN & YELLOW	GREEN

The wire which is coloured Green and Yellow must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked with the letter E or with the Earth symbol. This appliance must be earthed.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked with the letter N.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked with the letter L.

Ensure that these colour codes are followed carefully in the event of the plug being changed.

General Precautions:

Damage :

To prevent damage to the controls and cosmetics avoid placing heavy objects on the control surface, scratching the surface with sharp objects, or rough handling and vibration.

Environment :

Protect from excessive dirt, dust, heat and vibration when operating and storing. Avoid tobacco ash, smoke, drinks spillage, and exposure to rain and moisture. If the console becomes wet, switch off and remove mains power immediately. Allow to dry out thoroughly before using again.

Cleaning :

Avoid the use of chemicals, abrasives or solvents. The control panel is best cleaned with a soft brush and dry lint-free cloth. The faders, switches and potentiometers are lubricated for life. The use of electrical lubricants on these parts is not recommended. The fader and potentiometer knobs may be removed for cleaning with a warm soapy solution. Rinse and allow to dry fully before refitting them.

Transporting :

The console may be transported as a free-standing unit or mounted in a rack or flightcase. Protect the controls from damage during transit. Use adequate packing if you need to ship the unit.

Hearing :

To avoid damage to your hearing do not operate any sound system at excessively high volume. This applies particularly to close-to-ear monitoring such as headphones and in-ear systems. Continued exposure to high volume sound can cause frequency selective or wide range hearing loss.



CONTENTS

Thank you for purchasing your Allen & Heath ZED mixer. To ensure that you get the maximum benefit from the unit please spare a few minutes familiarizing yourself with the controls and setup procedures outlined in this user guide. For further information please refer to the additional information available on our web site, or contact our technical support team.

<http://www.allen-heath.com>

<http://www.allen-heath.com/zed>

<http://www.myspace.com/thezedspace>

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PANEL DRAWINGS—ZED420

CAUTION
RISQUE D'ÉLECTROCUTION
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD
DANGER

AC/DC POWER SWITCH
FUSE
15A 250V T5A

ALLEN & HEATH **ZED 420**

Panel drawing showing 15 channels of the ZED 420. Each channel includes:

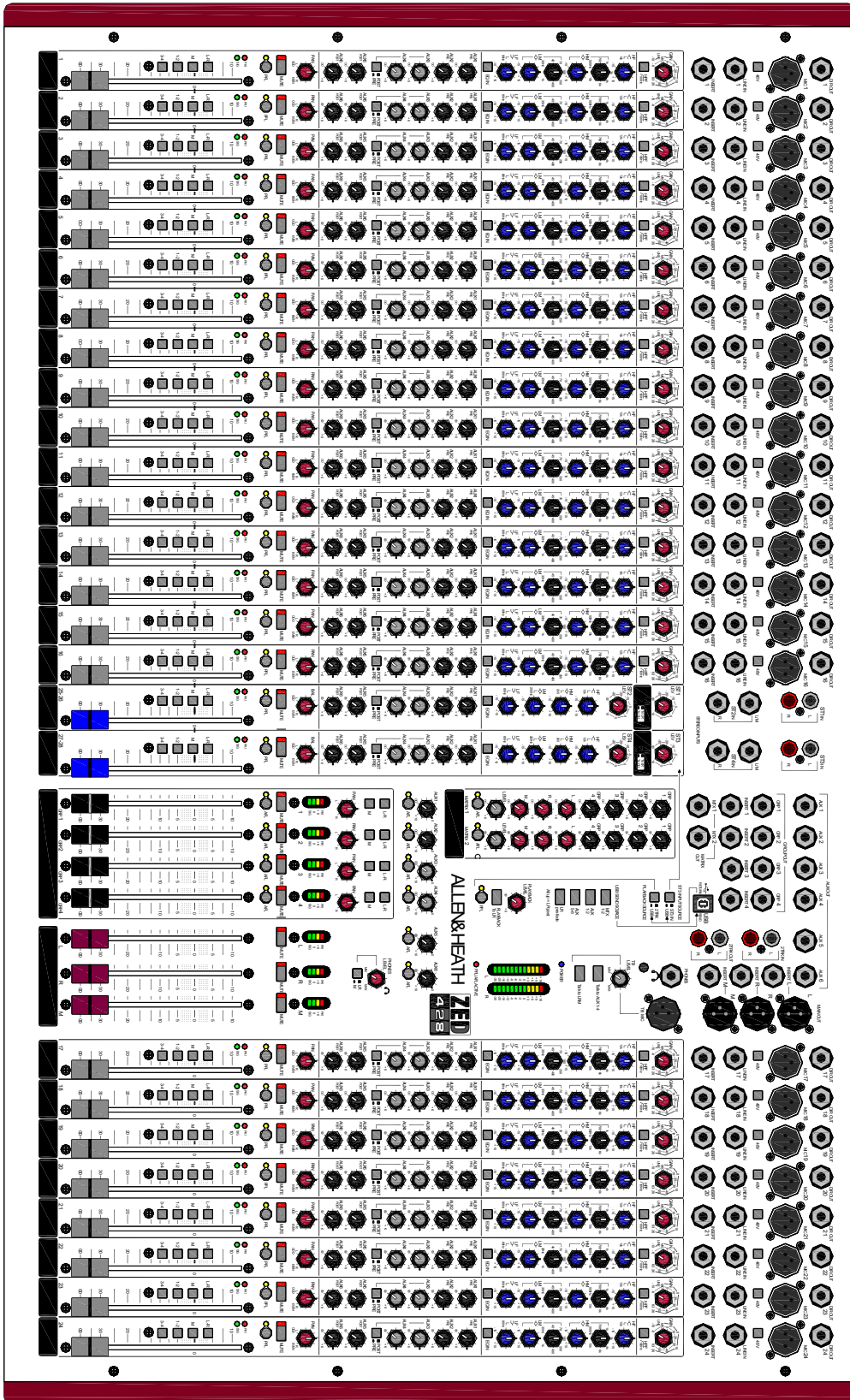
- Inputs:** LINE, MIC, STEREO (L/R).
- Outputs:** MONITOR, STEREO (L/R).
- Controls:** GAIN, EQ (BASS, MID, TREBLE), PHASE, METER.

Right side of the panel includes:

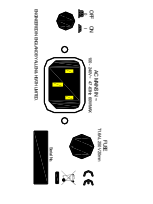
- Inputs:** STEREO IN, STEREO IN.
- Outputs:** MONITOR, STEREO (L/R).
- Controls:** STEREO METER, PHASE, METER.

ALLEN & HEATH **ZED 420**

PANEL DRAWINGS—ZED428

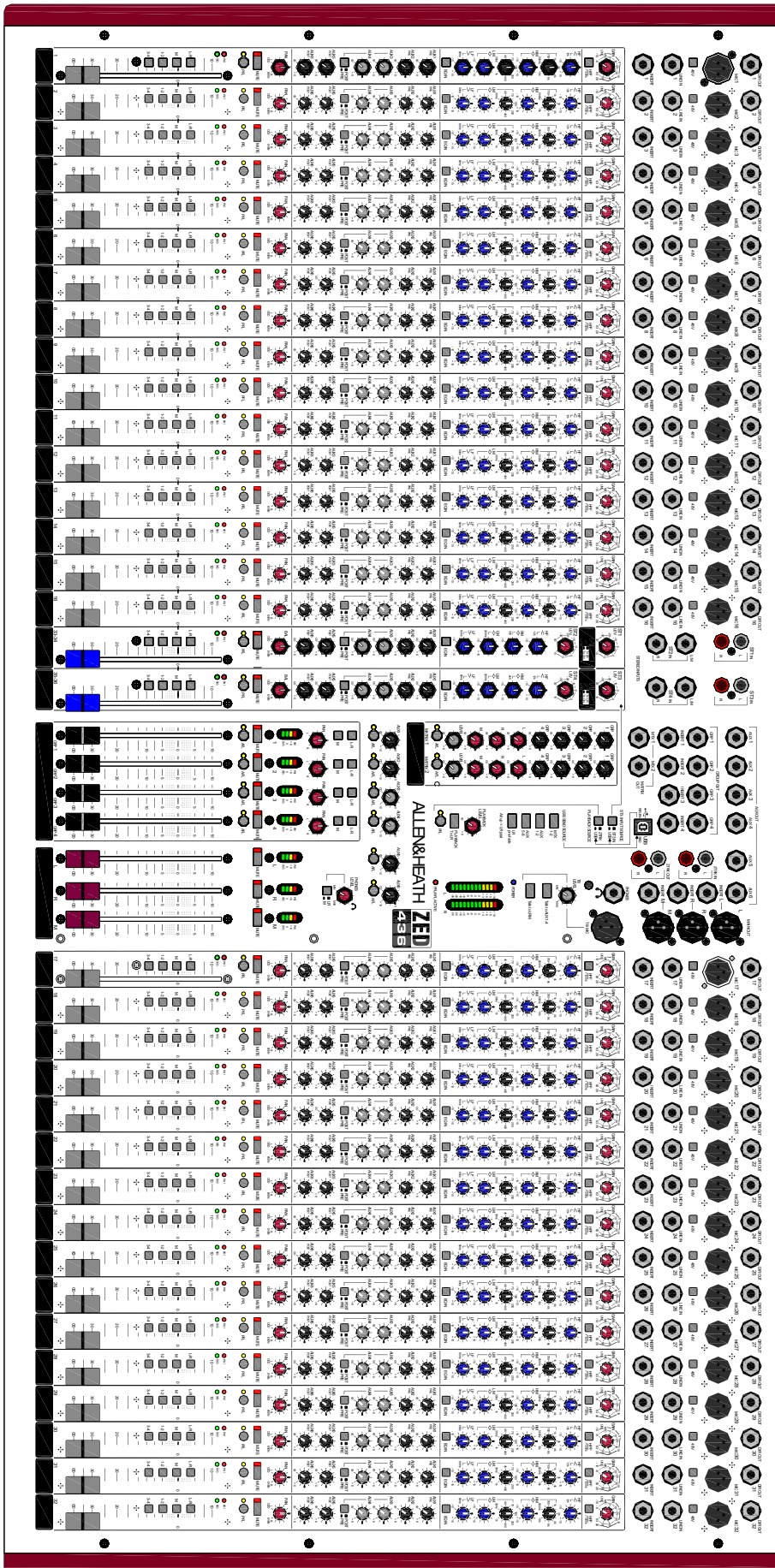


CAUTION
 The ZED428 is a Class 1 Laser Product. It is not intended for use in the presence of flammable or explosive atmospheres. Do not use the ZED428 in the presence of flammable or explosive atmospheres. Do not use the ZED428 in the presence of flammable or explosive atmospheres.



ALLEN & HEATH
ZED
428

PANEL DRAWINGS—ZED436



ALLEN & HEATH ZED 436

CE

ALLEN & HEATH ZED 436

INTRODUCTION TO THE ZED-4 BUS MIXERS

A Technical Overview:

The Allen & Heath ZED-4 mixer has been carefully and lovingly designed in the beautiful county of Cornwall in the UK and is manufactured alongside a wide range of professional audio mixing consoles. Many of the components used in ZED are exactly the same as in the larger Allen & Heath products and the construction methods are also very similar — utilising individual vertically mounted channel circuit boards with each rotary control fixed with a metal nut to the front panel. This provides a very robust product that will resist damage and give years of reliable use. It also makes servicing much easier should it be required, with the ability to remove one particular channel from the mixer at a time, or easily change a fader.

The audio circuitry is based on years of continual development and refinement, the performance of all the elements within the mixer scrutinised and perfected to ensure the very best sound quality possible.

Mic/Line Pre-amps:

Based on the pre-amps from the PA series, the ZED series pre-amps use a two stage design, with carefully controlled amounts of gain in each stage. When amplifying the signal from the XLR input, the gain range is huge — 69dB of range to be exact — and is very evenly distributed around the gain control, meaning better control of signal level. Most of the gain comes from the first stage, so unwanted noise is kept to a minimum. There is no “pad” switch, or pad circuit — line level signals are simply plugged into the second stage of the pre-amp by using the line input jack socket. This has the great advantage of lower noise when using the line input. (It is common to attenuate line level signals, the amplify them back up again which can give more noise or hiss).

EQ:

The ZED-4 series mixers are equipped with a 4-band equaliser circuit on each input, based closely on the acclaimed GL2400 EQ. The frequency and response of each has been carefully chosen to give the maximum performance when using the EQ on a variety of sources.

AUX system:

Six auxiliary sends are provided, two pre-fade, two post fade, and two switched pre or post fade. The Aux master level controls are grouped nicely together in the master section and have AFL (after fade listen) switches for monitoring.

Groups:

The four sub-groups can be used for easy control of groups of inputs, or for applying signal processing such as compression to groups of signals using the Group Insert connector. The groups have individual outputs and can also be sub-mixed to the main L-R and Mono mixes.

Main Mix:

In addition to the main L-R stereo bus, there is a Mono bus which can be routed to individually, ideal for feeding low frequency speaker systems, or creating a mono PA mix.

Mono and Stereo Channels:

The ZED-420, 428 and 436 models have a full complement of 16, 24 and 32 mono inputs respectively, plus two stereo channels, maximising the number of inputs you get. The Stereo channels are dual, so you can get 4 stereo inputs to mix before you need to use any mono channels.

USB:

Getting audio to and from a computer easily is now a common requirement for live sound and music production. The way we have implemented this on ZED is super-flexible and super-easy! No longer do you need to fiddle around the back of your PC to get to the soundcard inputs, only to find that the levels are all wrong and noisy. Just plug in a USB lead to your ZED, select the USB routing on the mixer and the device on your computer and that's it! Quality audio to and from your PC or MAC.

As you can tell, we're very proud of this product we hope you like it too!

SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Levels

Inputs	
Mono channel (XLR) Input	+6 to -63dBu for nominal (+17dBu in max)
Mono channel Line Input (Jack socket)	+10 to -26dBu (+30dBu maximum)
Insert point (TRS Jack socket)	0dBu nominal +21 dBu maximum
Stereo Input (Jack sockets)	0dBu nominal (control = Off to +10dB)
Stereo input (phono sockets)	0dBu nominal (control = Off to +10dB)
2 Track Input (phono sockets)	0dBu nominal +21 dBu maximum
Outputs	
L, R & Mono Outputs (XLR)	+4dBu nominal. +27dBu maximum.
L, R & M Insert (TRS Jack socket)	-2dBu nominal +21dBu maximum
Group Outputs (Jack sockets)	+4dBu nominal. +27dBu maximum.
Group Insert (TRS Jack socket)	-2dBu nominal +21dBu maximum
Aux Outputs (Jack sockets)	-2dBu nominal +21dBu maximum (Bal Option +4)
Matrix Outputs (TRS Jack socket)	-2dBu nominal. +21dBu maximum. (Bal Option +4)
2 Track Output (phono sockets)	0dBu nominal. +21 dBu maximum.
Direct Out (TRS Jack socket)	0dBu nominal. +21 dBu maximum.

Headroom

Analogue Headroom from nominal (0Vu)	21 dB
USB in & out headroom from nominal (0Vu)	14dB

Frequency Response

Mic in to Mix L/R Out, 30dB gain	+0.5/-1dB 20Hz to 20kHz.
Line in to Mix L/R out 0dB gain	+0.5/-1dB 10Hz to 30kHz
Stereo in to Mix L/R out	+0.5/-1dB 10Hz to 30kHz

THD+n

Mic in to Mix L/R Out, 0dB gain 1kHz +10dBu out	0.004%
Mic in to Mix L/R Out, 30dB gain 1kHz	0.014%
Line in to Mix L/R out 0dB gain 0dBu 1kHz	0.005%
Stereo in to Mix L/R out 0dB gain +10dBu 1kHz	0.003%

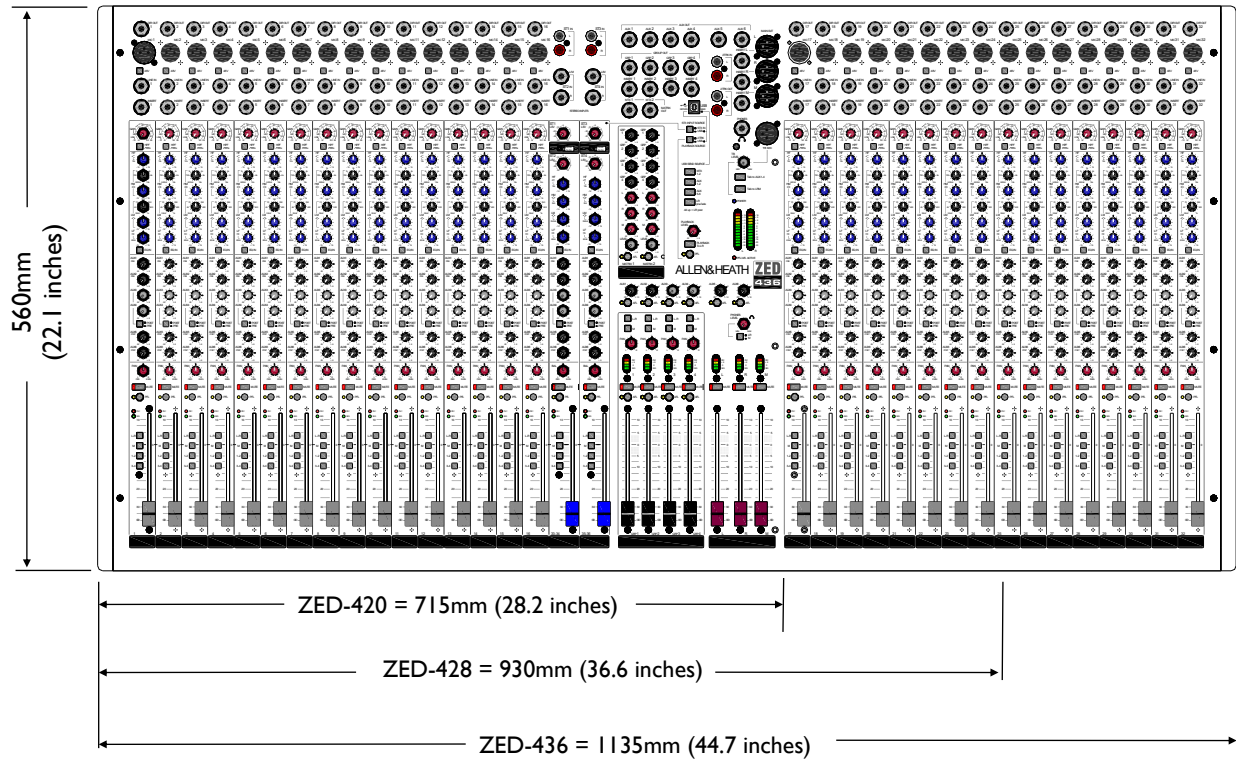
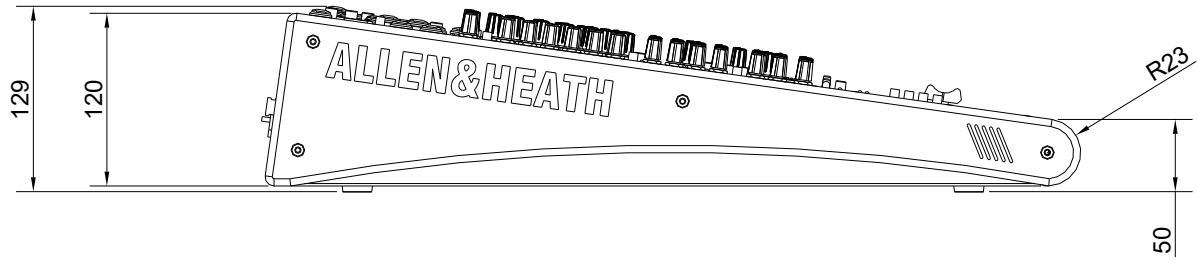
USB Audio CODEC (Coder/Decoder)

USB Audio In/Out	USB 1.1 compliant 16bit.
Sample Rate	32, 44.1, or 48kHz

Noise

Mix Noise, LR out, 16 channels routed, Ref +4dBu, 22-22kHz	-90dB (-86dBu)
Mix Noise, LR out, 24 channels routed, Ref +4dBu, 22-22kHz	-89dB (-85dBu)
Mix Noise, LR out, 32 channels routed, Ref +4dBu, 22-22kHz	-88dB (-84dBu)
Mic Pre EIN @ max gain 150R input Z 22-22kHz	-127dBu

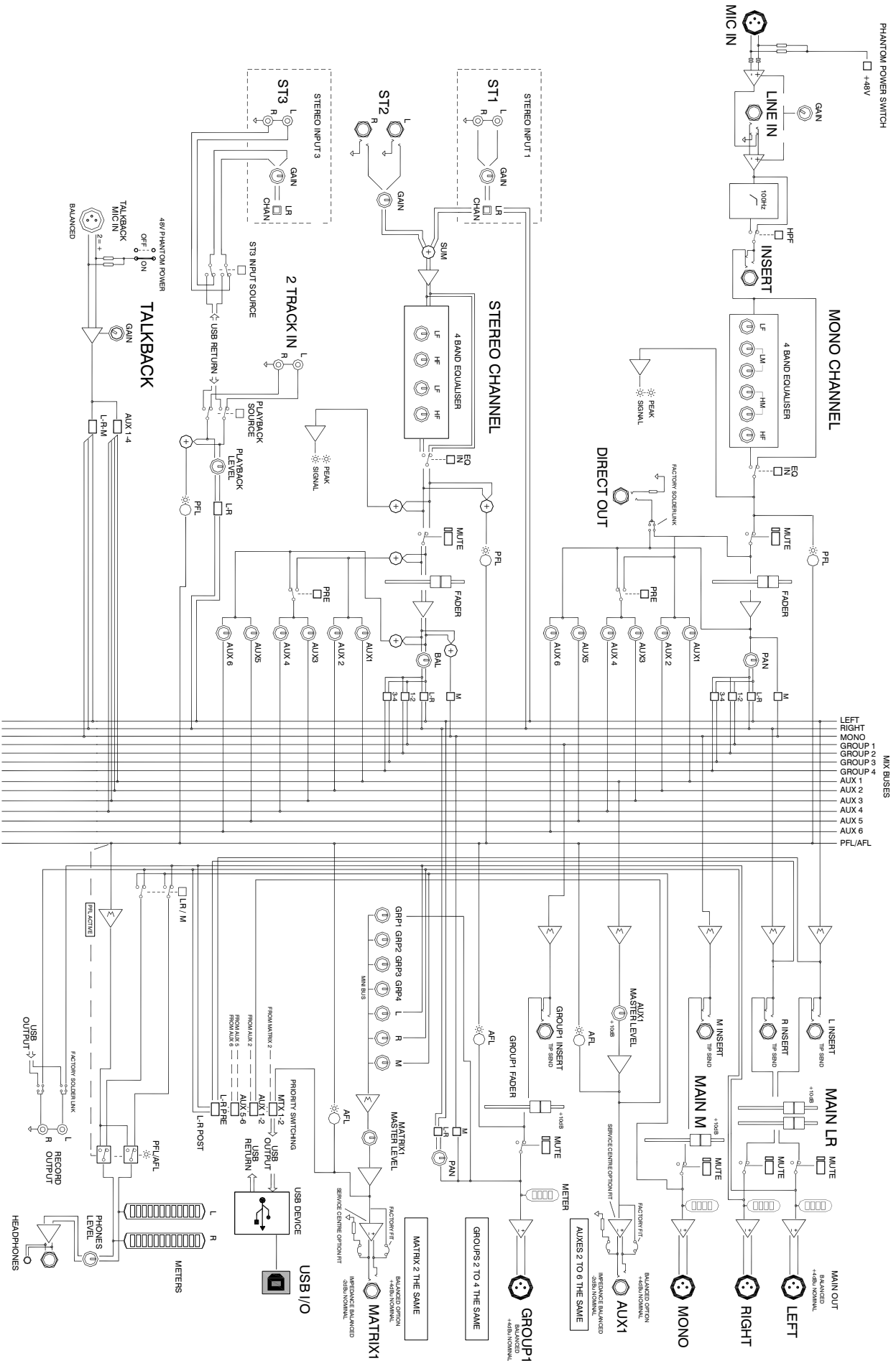
Dimensions



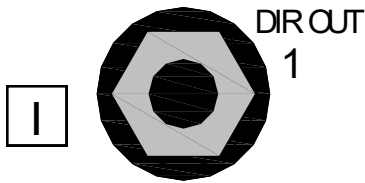
Weight kg (lb)		
	Unpacked	Packed
ZED-420	14 (31 lb)	17.5 (38.5 lb)
ZED-428	18 (40 lb)	22.5 (56.25 lb)
ZED-436	22 (48.5 lb)	26.5 (58.3 lb)

BLOCK DIAGRAM

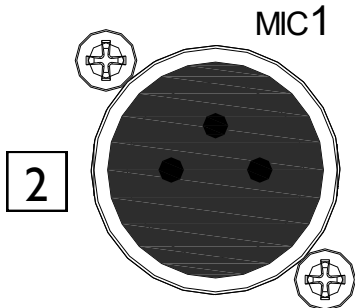
ZED-4 BLOCK DIAGRAM



MONO INPUT CHANNEL



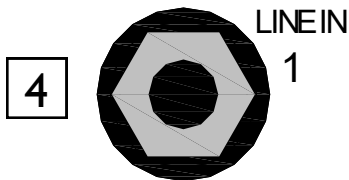
1 Direct Output Socket
Standard 1/4" (6.25mm) Jack socket. Wired Tip=Hot(+), Ring=cold (-), Sleeve=Chassis. For recording individual channels, factory default is prefade signal (post mute). The nominal level is 0dBu and the output is impedance balanced.



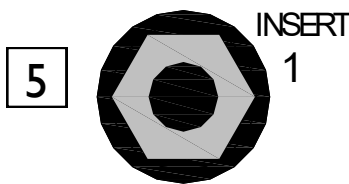
2 Microphone Input Socket
Standard 3-Pin XLR socket wired as Pin 1=Chassis, Pin 2=hot (+), Pin 3=Cold (-).



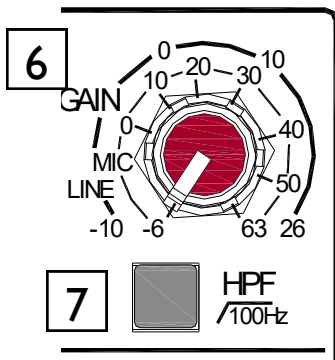
3 48V Phantom Power Switch
Applies +48V to pins 2 and 3 of the XLR input through 6k8 resistors for phantom powered condenser microphones.



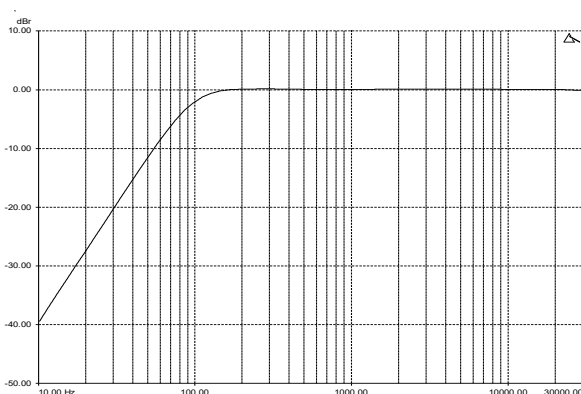
4 Line Input Jack Socket
Standard 1/4" (6.25mm) Jack socket for balanced or unbalanced line level signals. Wired Tip=Hot(+), Ring=cold (-), Sleeve=Chassis. The Line input overrides the Mic input, so if you want to hear something plugged in to the xlr socket, make sure nothing is plugged into the Line input.



5 Insert Jack Socket
Standard 1/4" (6.25mm) Jack socket for unbalanced insert send and return signals. Wired Tip=send, Ring=return, Sleeve=Chassis. Nominal level is 0dBu. The insert point is after the 100Hz filter and before the EQ.



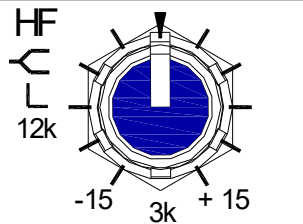
6 Gain Control
This adjusts the gain of the input amplifier to match the signal level of the input. The gain is varied from -6dB (attenuation) to +63dB for signals plugged in to the xlr socket (Mic Input) and -10dB to +26dB for signals plugged into the Line input jack.



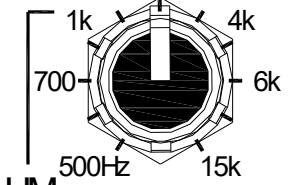
7 100Hz Hi-pass Filter
The Hi-pass filter is used for reducing pop noise and rumble from microphone signals. It is a 2-pole (12dB per octave) filter with a corner frequency set at 100Hz. The filter affects signals from both Mic XLR and Line jack socket.

MONO INPUT CHANNEL

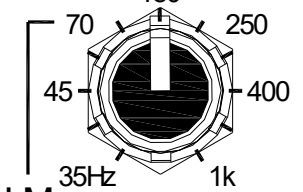
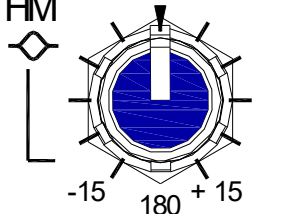
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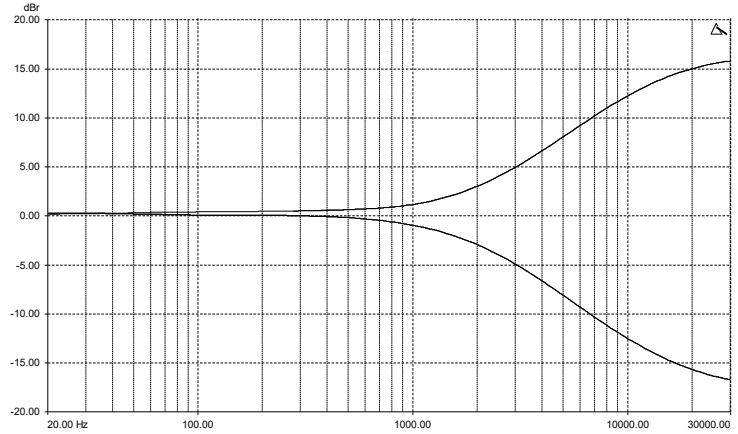
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6

HF EQ

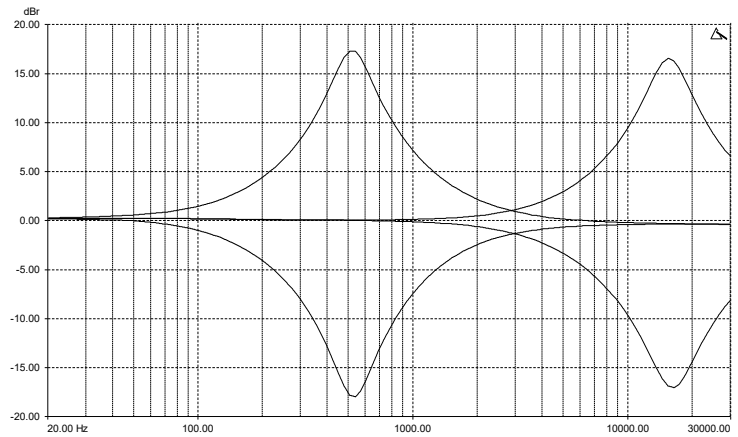
The HF (High Frequency) equaliser affects the frequency response of the higher audible frequencies. The corner frequency of 12kHz is around 3dB from the maximum cut or boost of the circuit.



7

HMF EQ

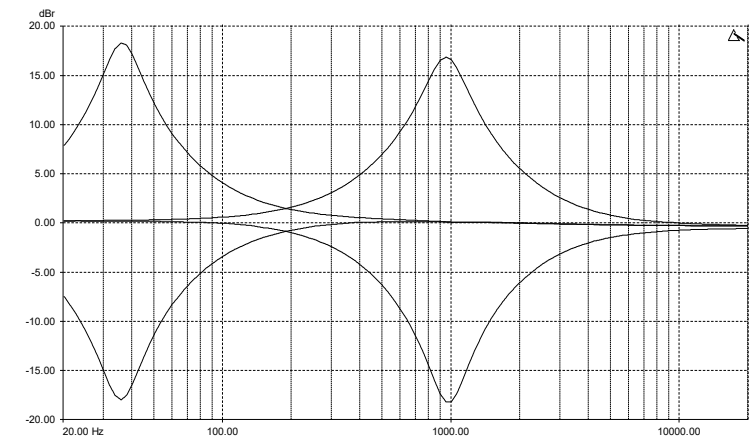
The HMF (High Mid Frequency) equaliser affects the upper middle of the audible frequency range. The frequency graduations on the sweep control are the centre frequencies of the EQ.



8

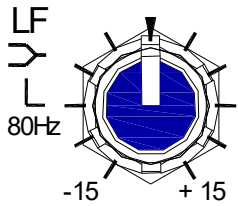
LMF EQ

The LMF (Lower Mid Frequency) equaliser affects the lower middle of the audible frequency range.



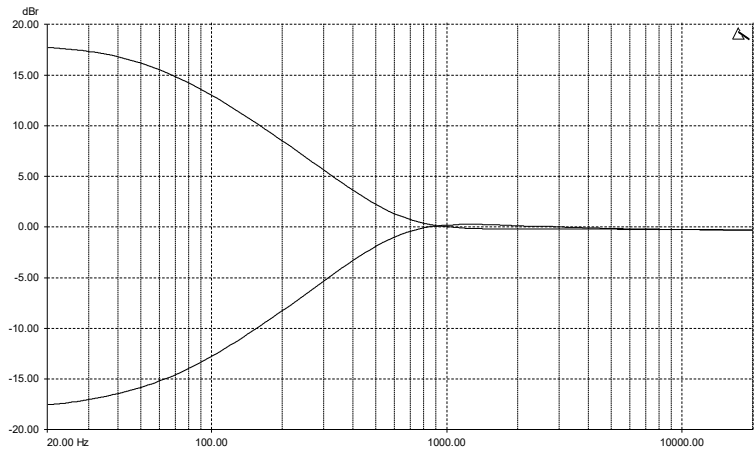
MONO INPUT CHANNEL

9



9 LF EQ

The LF (Low Frequency) equaliser affects the response at the low end of the audio range. The graph shows the response of the LF EQ at maximum cut and boost. The corner frequency is 80Hz.



10

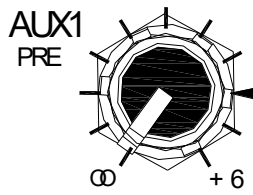


10

10 EQ IN

The EQ IN switch enables the equaliser when pushed in. The EQ is bypassed when the switch is in its up position.

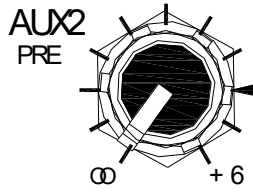
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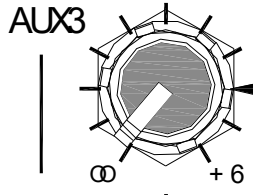
11

11 Auxes 1 & 2

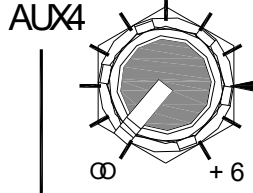
Each of these controls sends a signal to an auxiliary bus. The signal is sourced pre-fade which means that the level is independent of, and unaffected by the fader. Auxes 1 & 2 are primarily used for foldback monitoring purposes, as the fader does not affect the level. They can also be used as feeds for recording and are available sources to the USB interface for this purpose.



These sends are affected by the Mute switch, so muting the channel will also mute the Aux sends.



The control varies the signal level to the bus from off (fully attenuated) to +6dB, with unity gain at the arrow.



There are master level controls for all of the Aux outputs situated in the master section of the mixer.

12

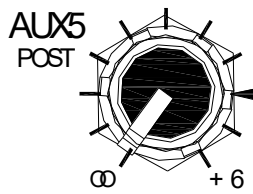


12

12 Auxes 3 & 4

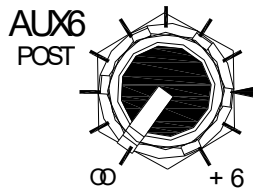
These are switched pre or post-fade so they can be used as either monitor sends or effects sends.

13

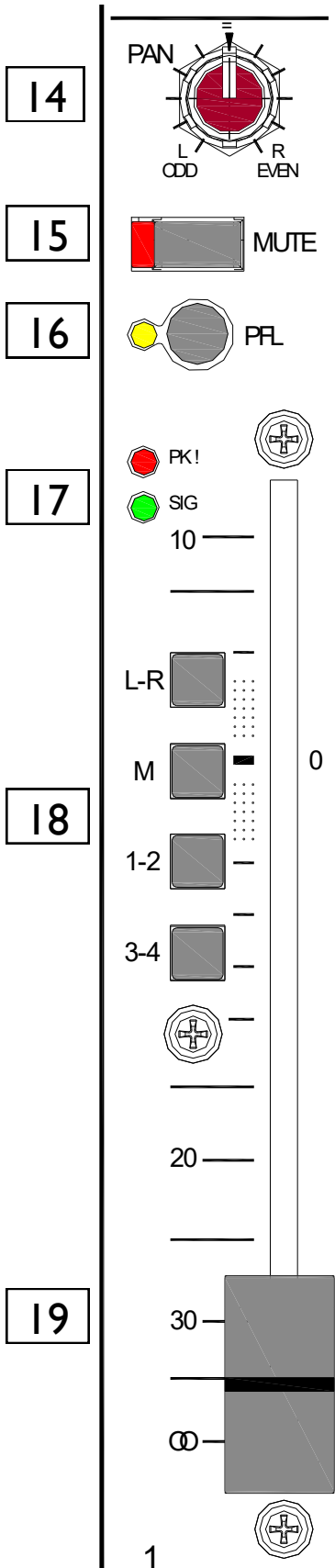


13 Auxes 5 & 6

Sourced post fade, so that the level is set with the send control but will be affected by the fader position. Mainly used for effects.



MONO INPUT CHANNEL



14 PAN
The pan control adjusts how the signal from the mono input channel is shared between the left and right buses and subsequently the main stereo outputs, similarly to pairs of Groups. Set to the mid position, equal amounts of signal are fed to left and right, with pan set to L, none is sent to the Right bus.

15 Mute Switch
This mutes or cuts the signal to the buses and the Direct Out. A rectangular LED illuminates to show the Mute switch is pressed.

16 PFL Switch
The PFL (Pre-Fade Listen) switch sends the channel signal to the PFL bus and subsequently to the headphones and the main L R meters. Used for checking the audio signal before raising the fader or un-muting the channel.

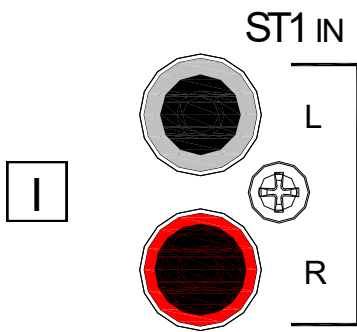
17 Signal & PK! LED
The Signal LED illuminates dimly at a threshold of -16dB nominal level and gets brighter with higher level signal. The source for the signal & peak LED's is just after the EQ IN switch.

The PK! LED illuminates when the signal just after the EQ IN switch is within 5dB of clipping.

18 Routing Switches
The routing switches connect the post-fade signal to the mix buses via the pan control for the main LR bus and the group buses. For minimum noise from the mix bus summing amplifier, leave the switches in their up positions if the channel signal is not required on the bus.

19 Fader
The 100mm fader affects the level of the channel signal to the left & right, mono and group buses and Auxes 5 & 6. Also Auxes 3 & 4 if switched to post-fade. There is 10dB of gain at the top and the unity gain position is marked by "0".

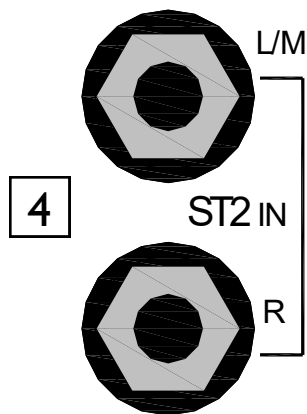
STEREO INPUT CHANNEL



1 ST1 (& ST3) Phono sockets

These are stereo inputs additional to the main stereo channel inputs (below). The gain is varied by the ST1 (& ST3) level control and these inputs can be sent to either the stereo channels or straight to the L R main bus, depending on the setting of the under-panel switch. These inputs are unbalanced.

The source for the ST3 input can be switched from the phono sockets to the USB return signal with the selector switch below the USB socket.

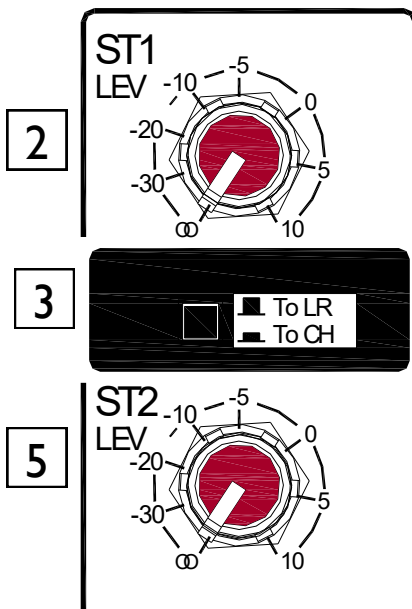


2 Stereo Inputs 1 (& 3) Level control

Adjust the level of the stereo inputs 1 & 3 from off (fully attenuated) to maximum where it has 10dB of gain.

3 ST1 (& 3) Routing selector switch

This switch selects whether the ST1 (or ST3) signal is sent to the L R bus directly, or the stereo channel below. When it is pressed in, the ST1 (or ST3) signal sums together with the main stereo inputs ST2 (or ST4).



4 ST2 (& ST4) input jack sockets

Standard 1/4" jack sockets for line level stereo signals. Can be used with a mono input where the L/M input will also connect to the R input if nothing is plugged in to R.

The Stereo 1 inputs accept unbalanced or balanced signals.

5 Stereo Input ST2 (& ST4) Level control

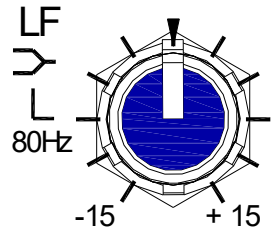
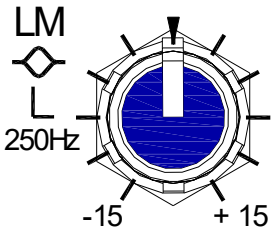
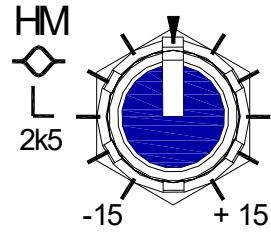
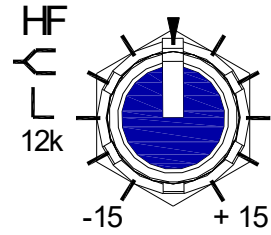
Adjusts the level of the ST2 (& ST4) input. The range is from off to +10dB.

STEREO INPUT CHANNEL

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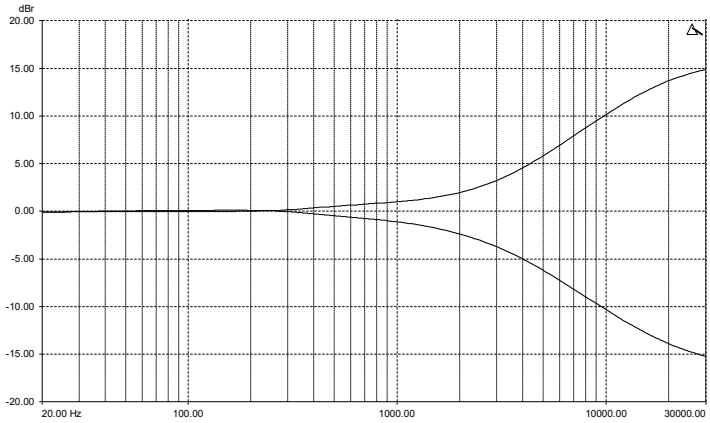
STEREO Channel EQ

The EQ on the stereo Channel is 4 band, fixed frequency and comprises a shelving high frequency section, a shelving low frequency section and two fixed mid frequency controls.

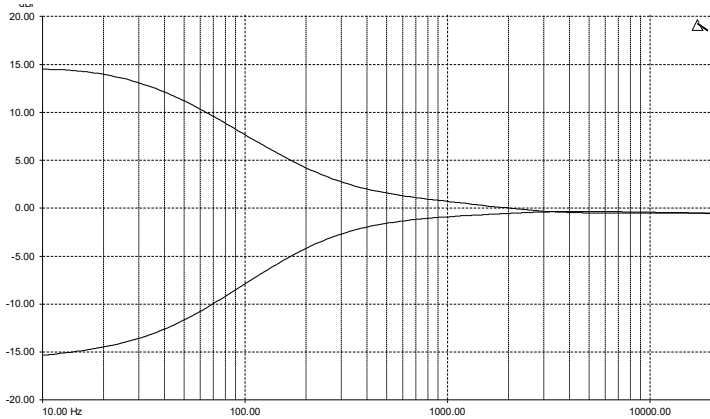


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STEREO HF EQ



STEREO LF EQ

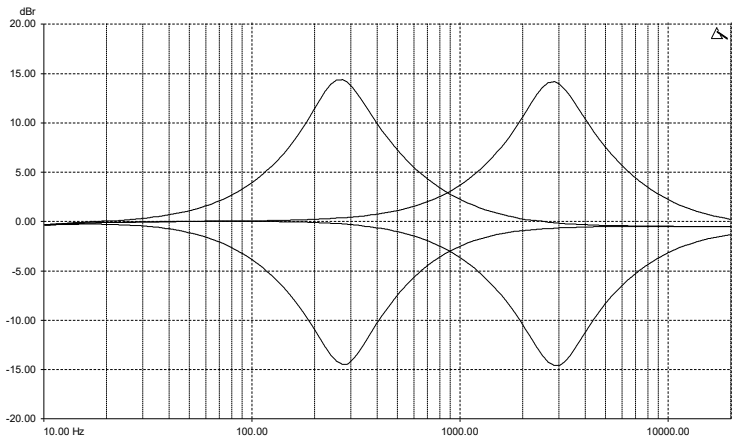


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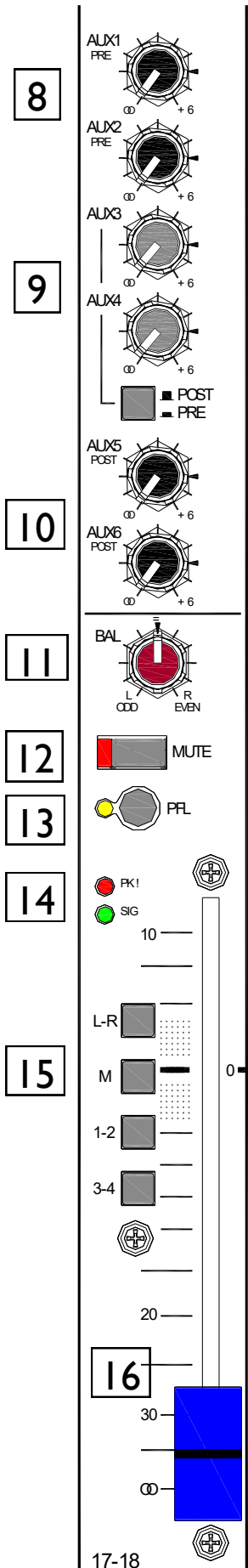
EQ IN

The EQ IN switch enables the equaliser when pushed in. The EQ is bypassed when the switch is in its up position.

STEREO LMF AND HMF EQ



STEREO INPUT CHANNEL



8 Auxes 1 & 2
Auxes 1 & 2 send a mono sum of the stereo channel left & right signals sourced from pre-fader.

9 Auxes 3 & 4
Again, a mono sum of the stereo channel left & right signals, the source being switchable pre or post fader.

10 Auxes 5 & 6
Auxes 5 & 6 take their source from a mono sum of the stereo channel left & right signals after the fader.

11 Balance control
The Balance control varies the relative levels between the left and right channels.

12 Mute Switch
Mutes the signals to the main L R, M and Group buses as well as the Aux sends.

13 PFL Switch
The PFL (Pre-Fade Listen) switch sends a mono sum of the stereo channel signal to the PFL bus.

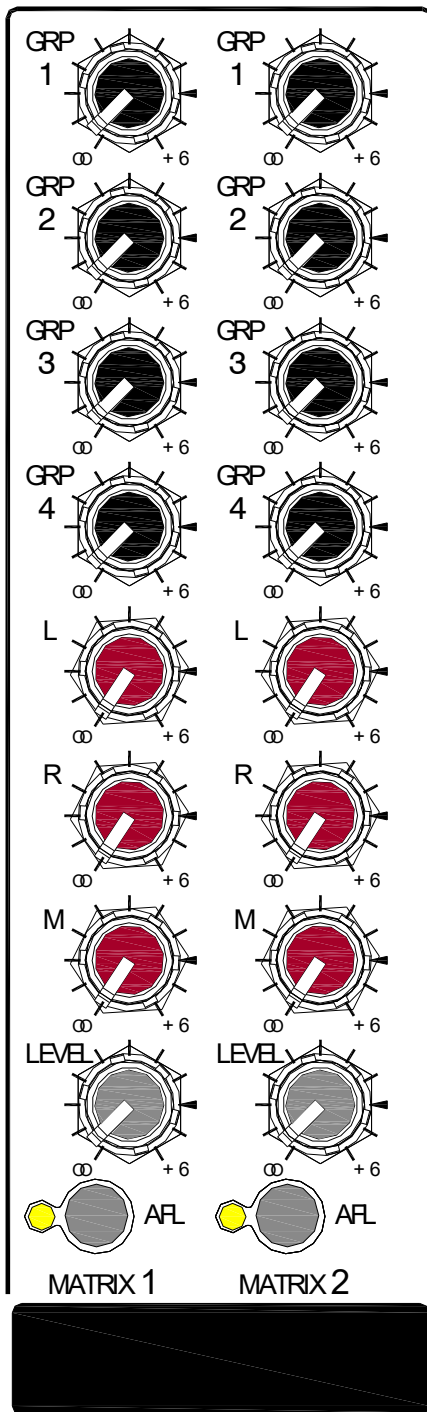
14 Signal & PK! LED
The Signal LED illuminates dimly at a threshold of -16dB on either left or right channels and gets brighter with higher level signal. The source for the signal & peak LED's is just after the EQ IN switch.

The PK! LED illuminates when the signal just after the EQ IN switch is within 5dB of clipping.

15 Routing Switches
The routing switches connect the post-fade signal to the mix buses via the balance control for L_R and the groups. For minimum noise from the mix bus summing amplifier, leave the switches in their up positions if the channel signal is not required on the bus.

16 Fader
The 100mm fader affects the level of the channel signal to the left & right, mono and group buses and Auxes 5 & 6. Also Auxes 3 & 4 if switched to post-fade. There is 10dB of gain at the top and the unity gain position is marked by "0".

MATRIX OUTPUTS & AUX MASTERS



Matrix Outputs

There are two matrix sub-mix sections in ZED-4. The send controls (black & red knobs) take the post-fade signals from the Group, Left, Right and Mono mix paths and send them to the Matrix output. Matrix outputs 1 & 2 are individual mono outputs. There is a master level control to adjust the overall output level, and an AFL (after fade listen) switch to check the Matrix mix.

Uses for Matrix outputs include:

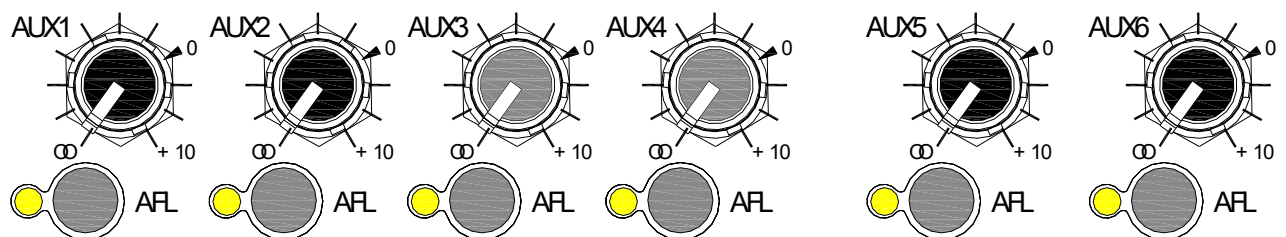
- Record feeds. Enabling a different mix from the main PA mix to be recorded, where more of the backline sound can be dialled in to the record mix if it is low in the main PA mix.
- Zone feeds. For creating individual outputs for different areas to the main PA arena.
- Delay stack feeds. Enabling individual mix and level control of delayed speakers in large auditoriums.
- Broadcast feeds for live events that are “on air” or “on line!”

The Matrix and the Auxiliary outputs are impedance balanced as standard from the factory. There is the option to fit balanced drivers at a service centre convert the outputs to be fully electronically balanced.

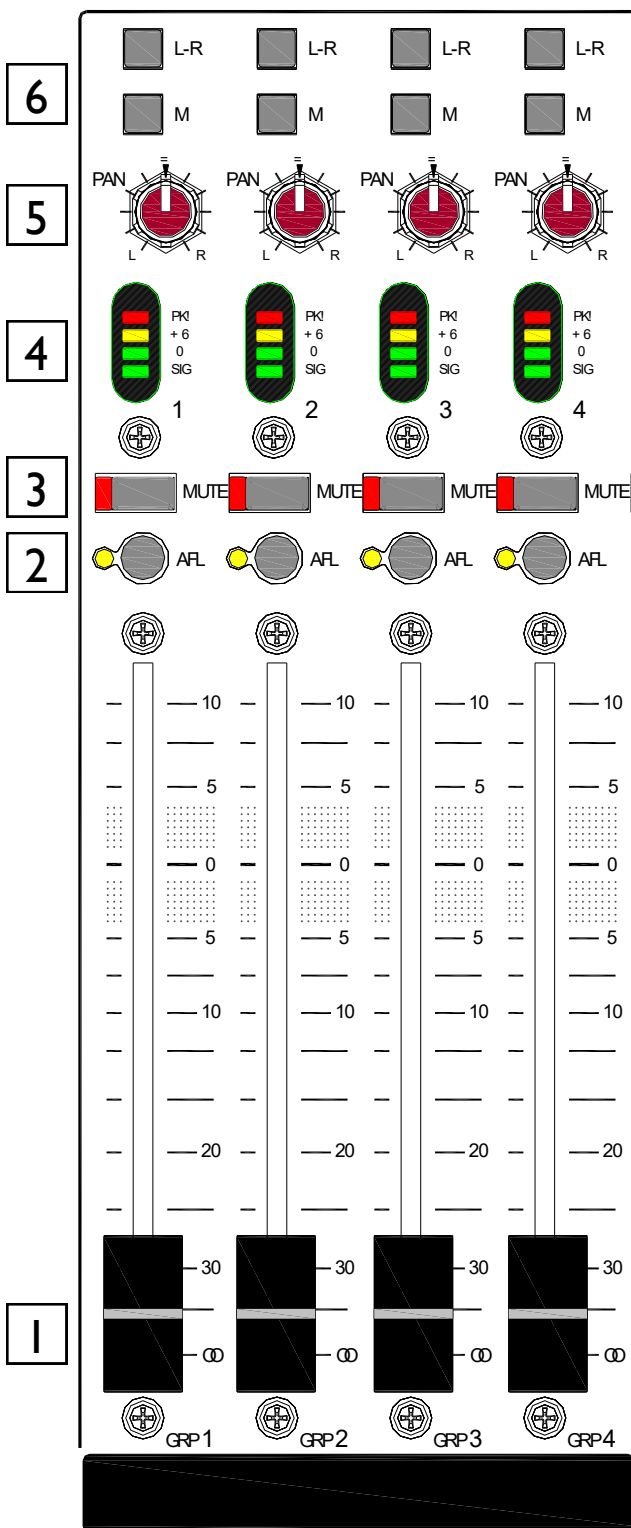
Auxiliary Output Master Level controls

The Aux master level controls adjust the overall level of each of the Aux mixes 1 to 6. The range of control is from off (fully attenuated) to +10dB.

There is an AFL (after fade listen) switch on each Aux mix to check the signal after the master level control.

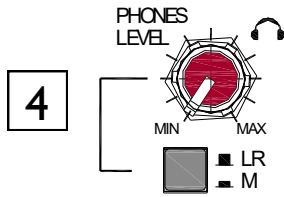


GROUP MASTERS



- 1 Group Fader**
The Group fader is fed with the Group mix signal via the Group Insert point. The fader has 100mm of travel and there is +10dB of gain at its maximum position.
- 2 Group AFL**
The AFL switch allows monitoring of the Group signal after the fader but before the Mute switch.
- 3 Group Mute**
The illuminated Mute switch cuts the Group signal from the Group output, sub routing and the Group meter.
The Group signal to the Matrix outputs is also cut with the Mute switch.
- 4 Group Meter**
A 4 LED bar meter to show the level of signal on the Group output.
The thresholds are:
Sig = -18dB nominal, 0dB, +6dB, Pk=+16dB.
0dB on the meter = +4dBu at the balanced output.
- 5 Group Pan**
The Pan controls how the Group signal is shared between the Left & Right main mix buses when sub-routed. The Group output is unaffected by the Pan control.
- 6 Group Sub Routing**
The L-R switch routes the panned Group signal to the main LR mix and the M switch routes the un-panned Group signal to the mono bus.
If you want to set up a stereo pair of sub-groups and route them to the main LR mix, make sure the odd numbered Group is panned Left and the Even Group is panned Right.

L R & M MASTERS and HEADPHONES



Main Mix Fader

1 The L, R & M faders follow the mix insert points. The faders have 100mm of travel and 10dB of gain at the top.

Main Mix Mute

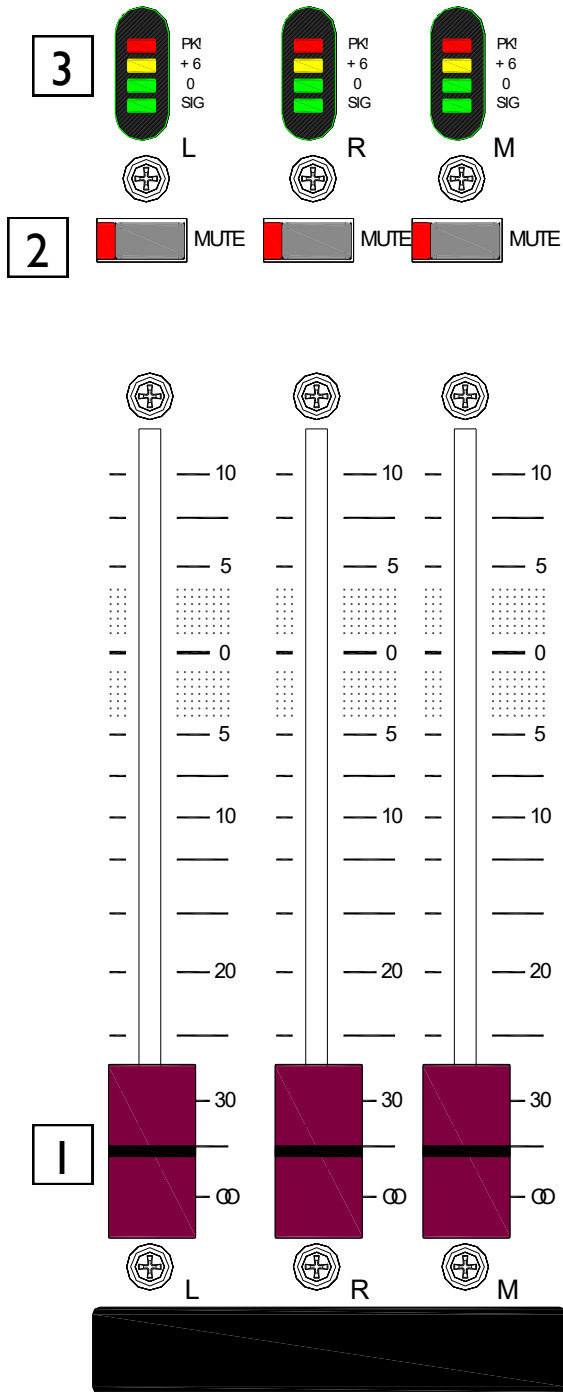
2 Cuts the signal from the main mix output. Illuminates red when cut. Also cuts the signal from the associated Matrix feed and the headphones monitor.

Main Mix Meter

3 A 4 LED bar meter to show the level of signal on the associated output. The thresholds are:
Sig = -18dB nominal, 0dB, +6dB, Pk=+16dB.
0dB on the meter = +4dBu at the balanced output.

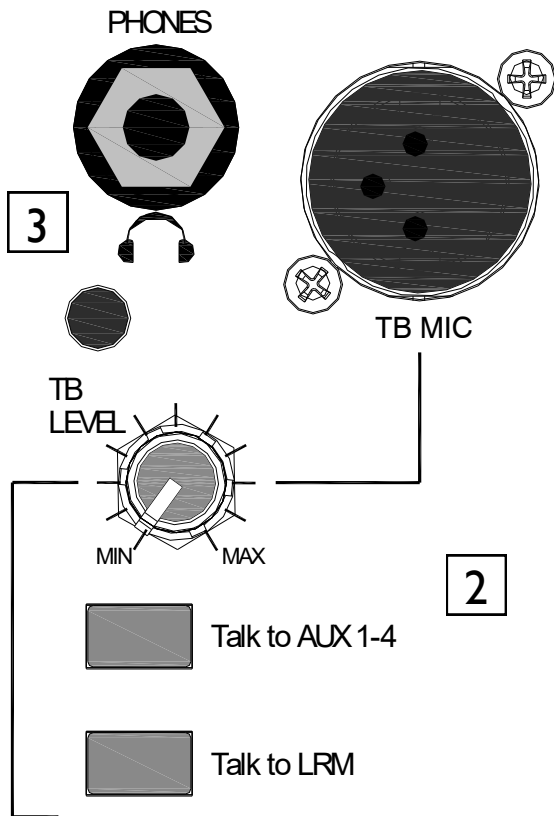
Headphones Source & Level

4 The LR/M switch selects the signal source for the headphones, out for Left & Right, in for Mono. If any AFL or PFL switch is pressed then this will override the source selection. The level control adjusts the volume of the headphone signal.

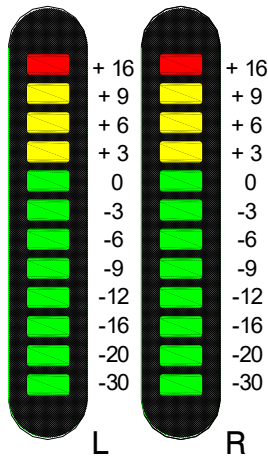


Warning ! To avoid damage to your hearing do not operate the headphones or sound system at excessively high volume. Continued exposure to high volume sound can cause frequency selective or wide range hearing loss.

MAIN METERS & TALKBACK



 POWER



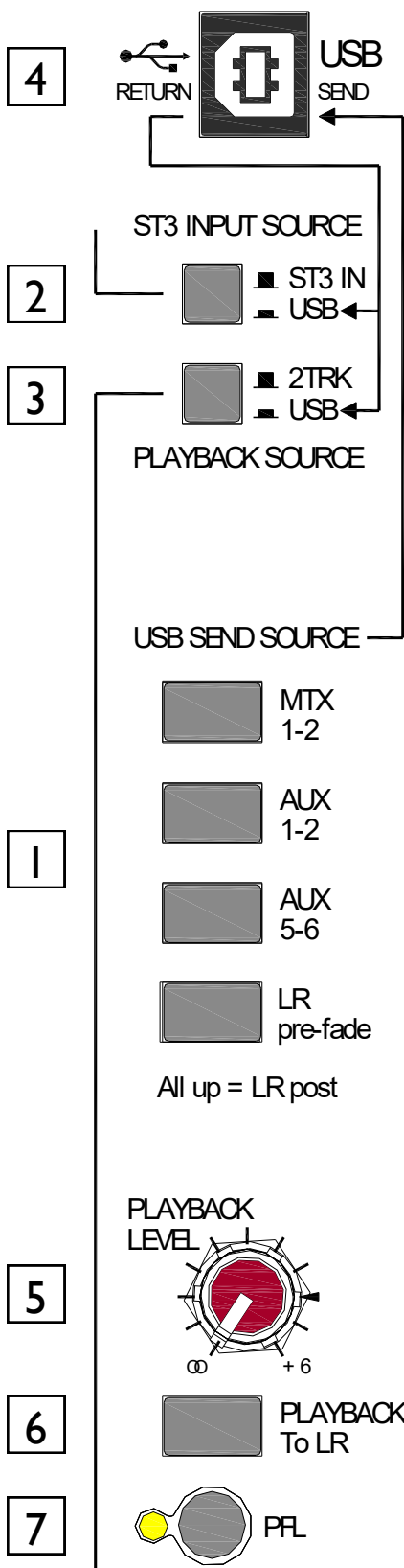
 PFL/AFL ACTIVE

1 Main Meters
The main Left & Right meters will show the signal level at the main LR mix outputs or the main M mix output depending on the selector switch below the Phones Level control. If any PFL or AFL switch is pressed the meters will show that signal level. Basically, the meters show the headphones monitor signal pre the headphones level control.
The PFL/AFL active LED illuminates if any PFL or AFL switch is pressed.
Note that PFL and AFL monitoring will be in mono.

2 Talkback
A microphone xlr connector is provided with phantom power applied as a factory default.
The TB Level control varies the gain of the talkback amplifier from 20dB (MIN) to 55dB (MAX).
The two switches send the talkback signal to Auxes 1 to 4 and to the main L, R & M mixes. When not using talkback, it is best to leave these switches in their out position.

3 Headphone Jack Sockets
Standard 1/4 inch and 3.5mm TRS jack sockets for stereo headphones. Tip = Left.

USB SECTION & PLAYBACK



1 USB Send Source Selection

The USB source selection switches determine which signals are sent out on the USB interface. If all the switches are up the main LR mix post-fade signal is sent. Other sources available are the pre-fade main LR mix, Auxes 5&6, Auxes 1&2 and Matrix 1&2.

The switches work on a priority system with the upper switch taking priority—so if all the switches are pressed in for example, the Matrix 1&2 would be selected as the source.

2 ST3 Input Source Selector

This switch determines the signal source for the ST3 input. In the out position the source is the ST3 phono connectors, the in position is the stereo USB return.

2 Playback Input Source Selector

This switch determines the signal source for the Playback input. In the out position the source is the 2TRK IN phono connectors, the in position is the stereo USB return.

4 USB Connector

Standard B type USB connector.

5 Playback Input Level

Controls the level of the playback signal from off (fully attenuated) to +6dB.

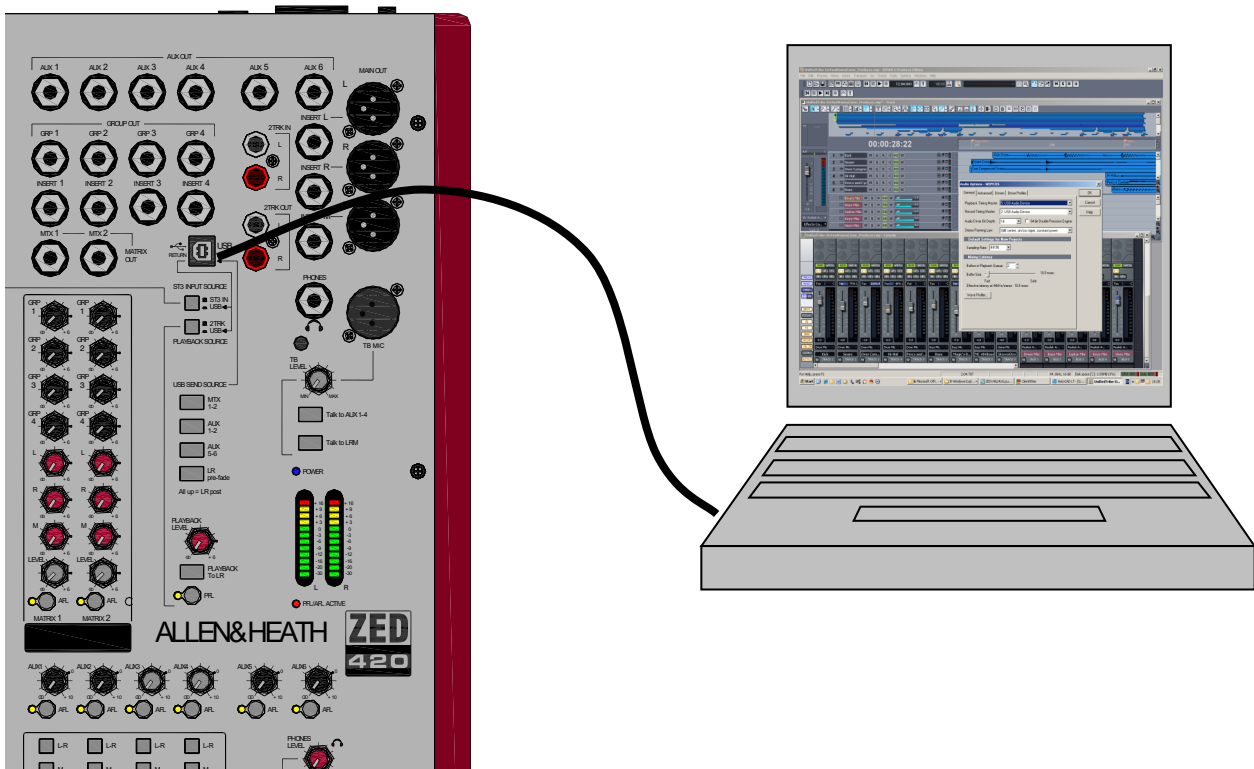
6 Playback To LR

Routes the Playback signal (2 TRK IN or USB return) to the main LR mix.

7 Playback PFL

Allows monitoring of the Playback signal (pre-Level) in headphones and on the main LR meters. Note the monitoring will be in mono.

USB CONNECTION



USB Audio Interface

The ZED is equipped with a stereo bi-directional USB I.1 compliant audio CODEC. It is fully compliant with USB 2 ports and uses standard Windows and MAC Core Audio Drivers. In other words, plug it in and your computer will find it and be able to transfer audio to and from the ZED USB device.

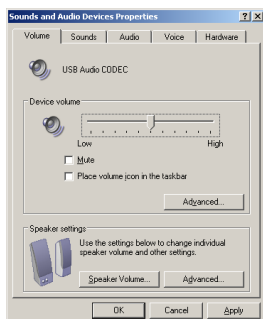
You will need some form of audio software running on your computer to be able to record and play back what you record, but on a basic level, you can use your computers media player to play straight to the ZED device.

Just a couple of points to look out for:

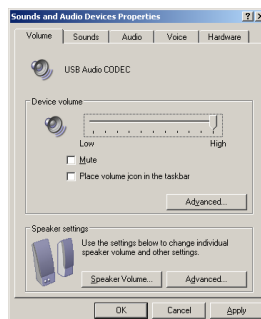
1. When you plug in your ZED USB interface to your computer, check the device volume in:

Control Panel\Sounds & Audio Devices\Volume

If the volume is not fully up like this.....



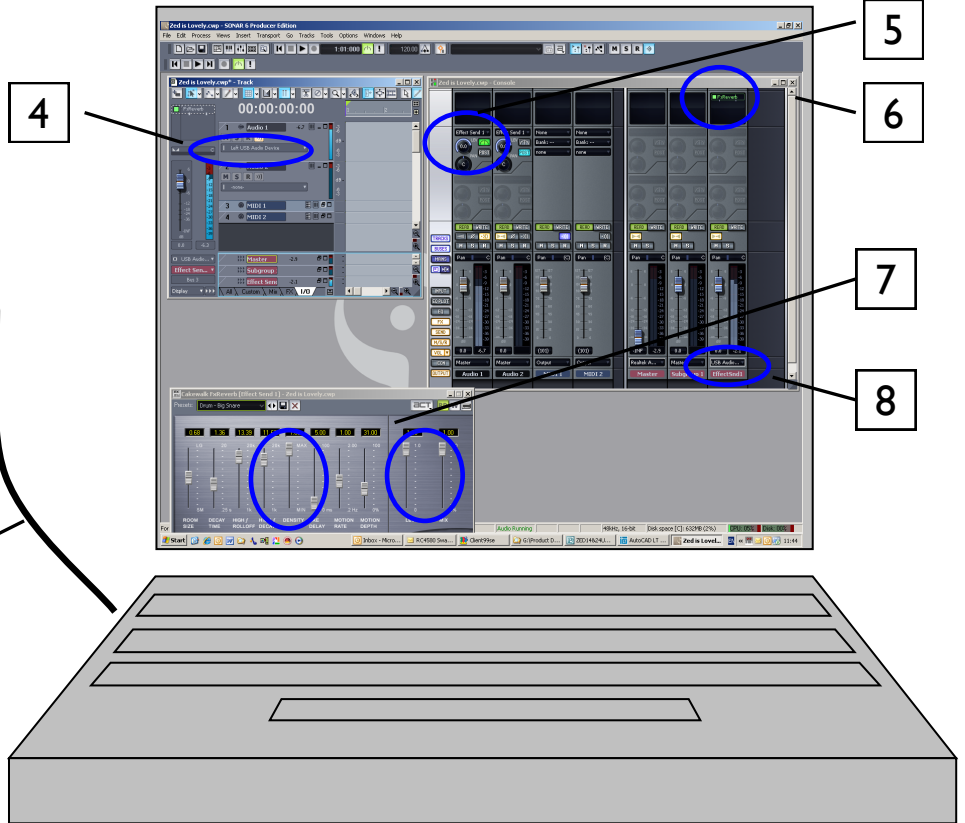
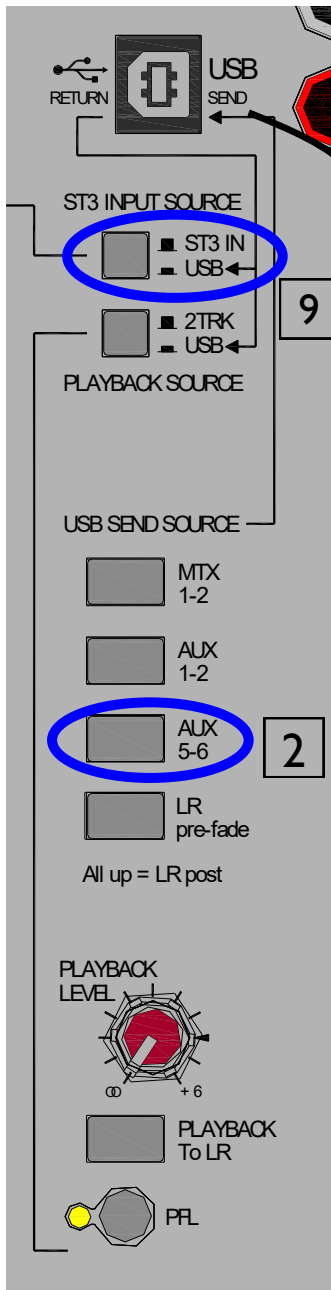
Then drag it fully up like this.....



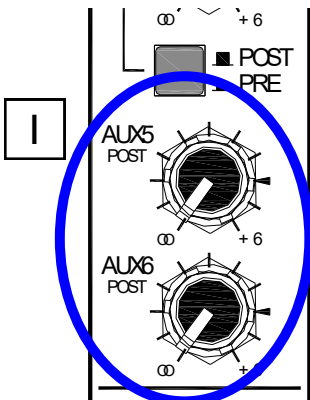
Then click **Apply**

2. If you want to reduce latency (delay) there are some different drivers available for your operating system. Please check the Allen & Heath website www.allen-heath.com for details and links to third party companies able to supply appropriate drivers for your operating system.

USING USB FOR EFFECTS

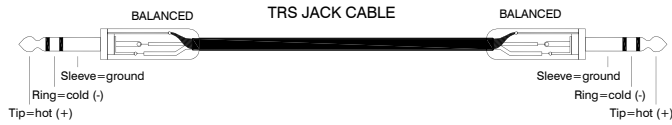
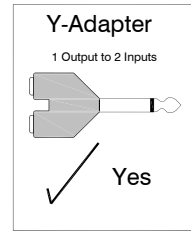
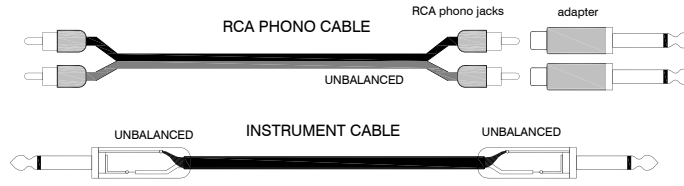
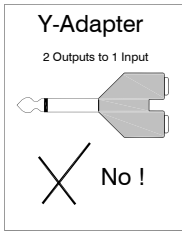
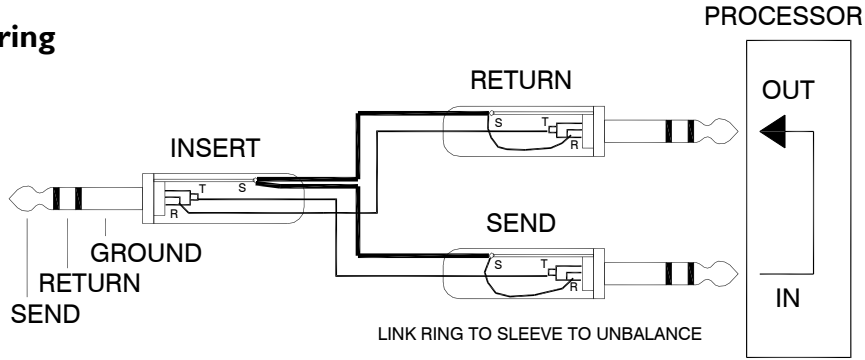


- 1 Use post fade Aux 5 & 6 as the sends from ZED so when you move the channel fader the effects level stays in proportion.
- 2 Select Aux 5-6 on the USB output selector switches.
- 3 USB lead carries the digital signals to & from the computer.
- 4 Select USB Device Left for Aux 3 or Right for Aux 4 as the input for the track in the software package.
- 5 You can use a send bus in software as you would a hardware mixer.
- 6 Assign an effect from your software plug-in list.
- 7 If using reverb, it's a good idea to have 100% wet mix level and reduce the pre-delay in order to compensate for any latency in USB.
- 8 Send the output of the software group or bus to USB Device. In this case, and probably with most reverbs, it will be stereo so it will go to left & right.
- 9 Set the USB return to be sent to ST3. It can then be sent directly to LR or to the stereo channel by pressing in the under-panel switch below the ST3 Level control.

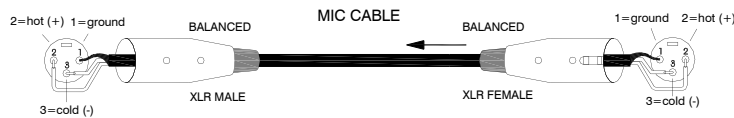


WIRING NOTES

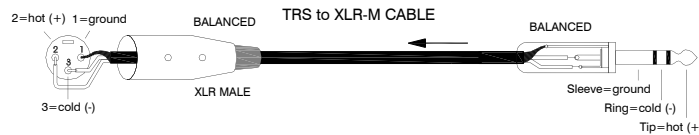
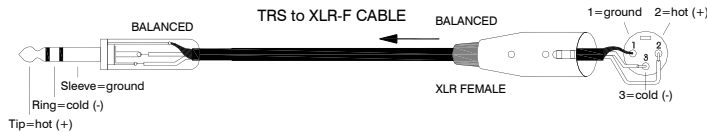
Insert cable wiring



TO INPUT



FROM OUTPUT



General Wiring Information

